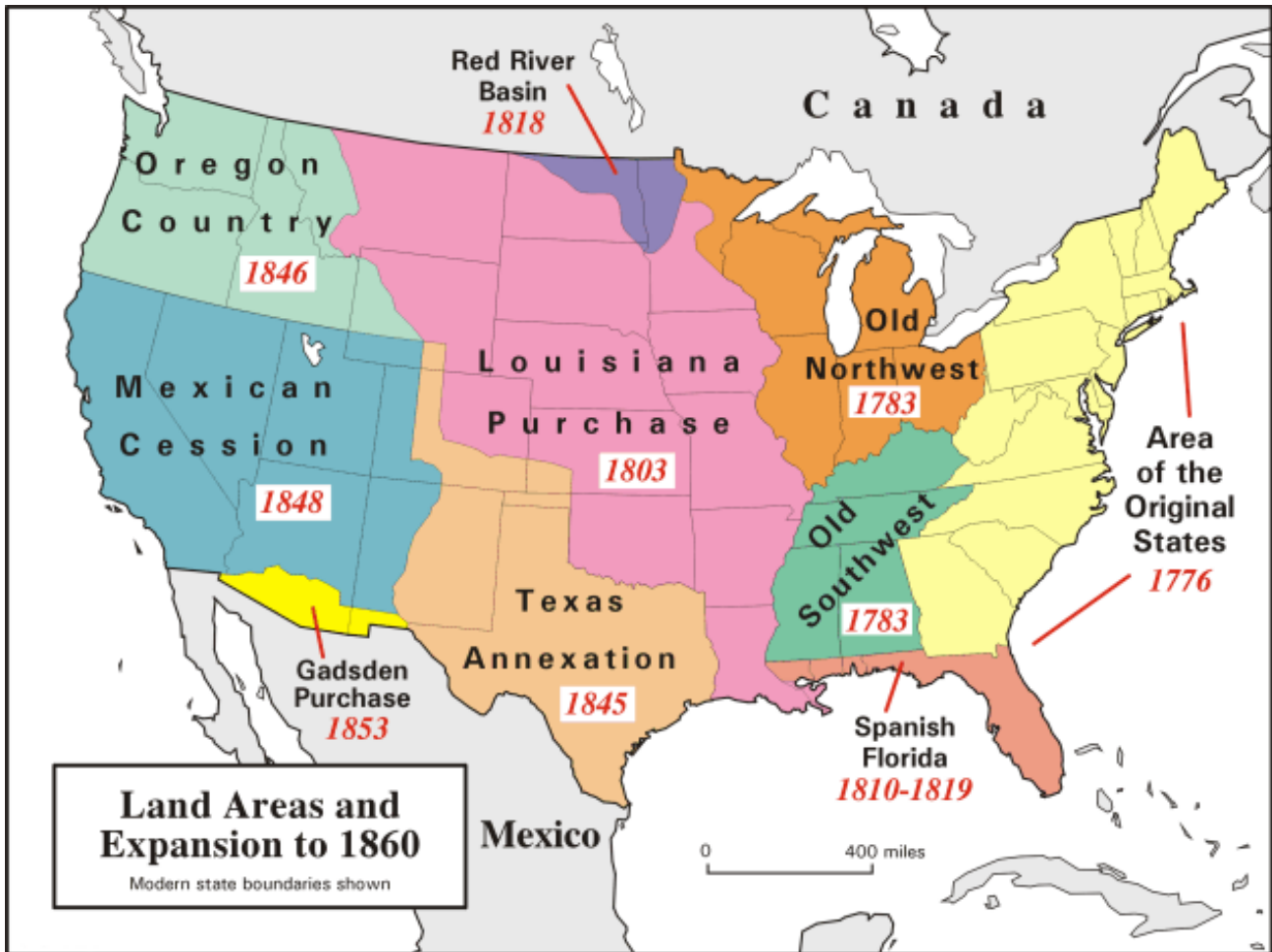


#199 The ‘Little Horn’ Fifth Beast – The Uprooting of Three Horns, (1) England, (2) France, and (3) Spain-Mexico

*Daniel 7:8 (KJV) I considered the [ten] horns, and behold, there came up among them another **LITTLE HORN** [a Fifth Beast, the United States of America], before whom there were **THREE OF THE FIRST HORNS** [England, France, and Spain, uprooted by Mexico in 1821, which was then uprooted by the United States in the 1846-1848 Mexican War] **PLUCKED UP BY THE ROOTS**: and, behold, in this horn were eyes like the eyes of man, and **A MOUTH SPEAKING GREAT THINGS**.*

Key Understanding: *The uprooting of three horns, (1) England, (2) France, and (3) Spain-Mexico. The three horns (of the ten horns, or kingdoms) that were uprooted by ‘Little Horn’ Fifth Beast America – to establish itself in what became known as the continental United States – were England, France, and Spain. [The uprooting of Spain is indirect, through Mexico. The understanding of Mexico’s role in prophecy will fully explain why.]*



Here is a simplification of the three uprootings in fulfillment of Daniel 7:8.

Uprooting England, July 4, 1776 – The *Declaration of Independence* was signed on July 4, 1776. Great Britain lost the Revolutionary War to the colonists. The Treaty of Paris was signed on September 3, 1783. America had uprooted England.

Uprooting France, December 20, 1803 – On April 30, 1803, France signed a treaty with the United States that was called the Louisiana Purchase. The U.S. bought more than 820,000 square miles of land from France for about \$15 million. It doubled the size of the United States. The treaty was signed on May 2, reached the United States on July 14, and was ratified by the U.S. Senate on October 20. The United States took possession of the vast territory on December 20, 1803. It was the most important event of President Thomas Jefferson’s first administration. America had uprooted France.

Uprooting Spain-Mexico, July 4, 1848 – Mexico uprooted Spain by declaring its independence in 1821. Then the United States uprooted Mexico through the 1846-1848 Mexican War. The February 2, 1848, Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo ended the Mexican War, giving vast areas of the West, including all of California, to the United States. U.S. President James Knox Polk signed the Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo on July 4, 1848. America had uprooted Mexico, which had uprooted Spain.

[Note: What is known as the Gadsden Purchase in 1853 actually completed the annexing of lands that would become the continental United States.]

Here is **#199–Doc 1**, showing the United States after **the Louisiana Purchase**, and showing Spanish Possessions, a portion of which would become a part of the United States.

[Click here](#) for **#199–Doc 1**

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Here is **#199–Doc 2**, showing the **land ceded to the United States by Mexico** through the February 2, 1848, Treaty of Guadalupe Hidalgo.

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