

**#403 The First Oswald Head Wound – The “at the Beginning” James Lovell vs. the “forerunner” 7<sup>th</sup> Head Great Britain, and “the Time of the End” James Lovell vs. the 7<sup>th</sup> Head Red Beast Soviet Union**

**Key Understanding:** *The two James Lovells.* The Lord ordained two significant men in America’s history with the name of James Lovell to illustrate the prophetic relationship between (a) the defeat of the “forerunner” 7<sup>th</sup> Head Great Britain in the Revolutionary War, and (b) the defeat of the 7<sup>th</sup> Head Red Beast Soviet Union in the Cold War. They are respectively representing the “beginning” of America’s history and “the time of the end” seen in Daniel 12.

**The first James Lovell**

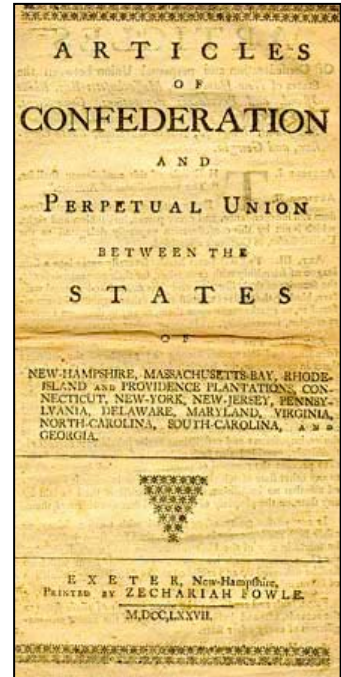
**James Lovell, Founding Father of the United States, vs. Great Britain.**

Some define a Founding Father of the United States as any signer of one of the three founding documents of the United States of America, the Declaration of Independence, the Articles of Confederation, and the U.S. Constitution.



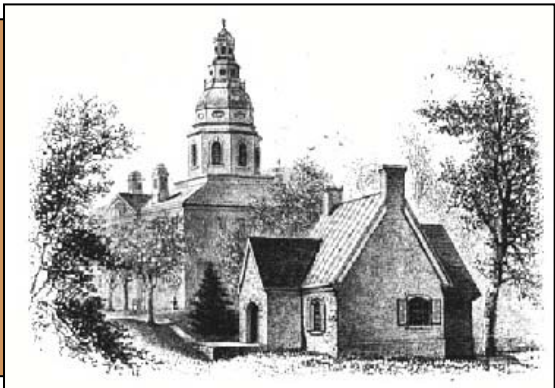
James Lovell signed the Articles of Confederation

**James Lovell was a member of the Second Continental Congress and a signer of the Articles of Confederation.** The Articles of Confederation was the first governing document of the United States of America. It was the “constitution” before it was replaced by the U.S. Constitution. It combined



the Thirteen Colonies into a loose confederation and was adopted by the Second Continental Congress on November 15, 1777. The Articles of Confederation was ratified three years later on March 1, 1781, but was later replaced by the 1787 U.S. Constitution on June 21, 1788 (when it was ratified by the ninth state, New Hampshire).

The **Articles of Confederation** was ratified by all the colonies and finally Maryland – which had held out because of border disputes with neighboring states – on March 1, 1781. The site of the ratification was at Maryland’s State House (*right*). This marked the end of the Second Continental Congress and the beginning of the Congress of the Confederation. Meanwhile, the Revolutionary War continued.



## The second James Lovell

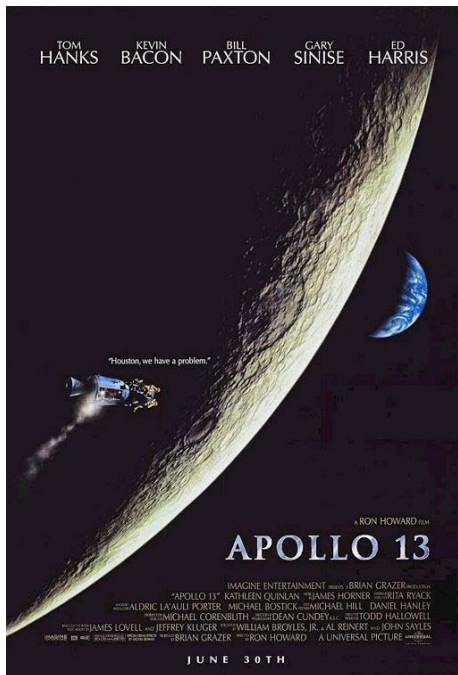
James Lovell, NASA astronaut, vs. the Soviet Union. The Cold War between the United States and the Soviet Union was greatly defined by the “space race.” In turn, the “space race” was most clearly defined as the “race to the moon.” Jim Lovell was one of the first three men to fly around the moon, in Apollo 8, on Christmas Eve, December 24, 1968, in one of the most memorable events in world history.

In December 1968, the crew of Apollo 8 became the first humans to orbit the moon. Frank Borman, Jim Lovell, and William Anders became the first humans to ever see the Earth rise and set from lunar orbit, and they took this photograph (*right*).



Lovell’s experience as a NASA astronaut was extensive.

In 1965, he and Frank Borman established a space endurance record by spending 14 days in earth orbit aboard the Gemini 7 spacecraft. In 1966, Lovell commanded the Gemini 12 flight. His third mission was the Apollo 8 moon flight of December 1968 (mentioned *above*), where he served as the command module pilot.



In April 1970, Lovell commanded the Apollo 13 spaceflight that was to have landed on the moon, but the landing was cancelled due to an oxygen tank exploding on board. Tom Hanks played the role of Jim Lovell in the Ron Howard movie *Apollo 13* (1995) (*left*). In fact, a book on the Apollo 13 mission, *Lost Moon: The Perilous Voyage of Apollo 13*, was written by Jim Lovell along with Jeffrey Kluger, and was the basis for the movie.

*Daniel 12:4, 9 (KJV) But thou, O Daniel, shut up the words, and seal the book, even to **THE TIME OF THE END**: many shall run to and fro, and knowledge shall be increased.*

*9 And he said, Go thy way, Daniel: for the words are closed up and sealed till **THE TIME OF THE END**.*

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