

#1194 The Patmos Revolution – The Cave of the Apocalypse and the Monastery of St. John on Patmos

The Cave of the Apocalypse. On the island of Patmos today is what is known as the *Cave of the Apocalypse*, where, according to tradition, John made his home and wrote (or dictated) what became known as the Book of the Apocalypse, or the Book of Revelation.



The inside of the **Cave of the Apocalypse**



A picture of the **Monastery of St. John** on Patmos. Below its gray walls are whitewashed buildings of the city of Chora, the capital of the island.

The Monastery of St. John. The Cave of the Apocalypse is situated near the *Monastery of St. John*, which was erected on the summit of the island of Patmos in 1088 A.D., over the ruins of an ancient temple honoring the goddess Artemis. It was built as a fortress to protect it from pirate attacks. Byzantine Emperor Alexis I Comnenus ceded the entire island to the future monastery. The monastery contains a principal church and five additional chapels.

The School of Patmos. Between the Monastery of St. John and the nearby Cave of the Apocalypse is the *School of Patmos*. The School of Patmos was originally initiated by Manolakis Kastorianos in 1669. However, it was officially founded in 1713 by Makarios Kalogeras



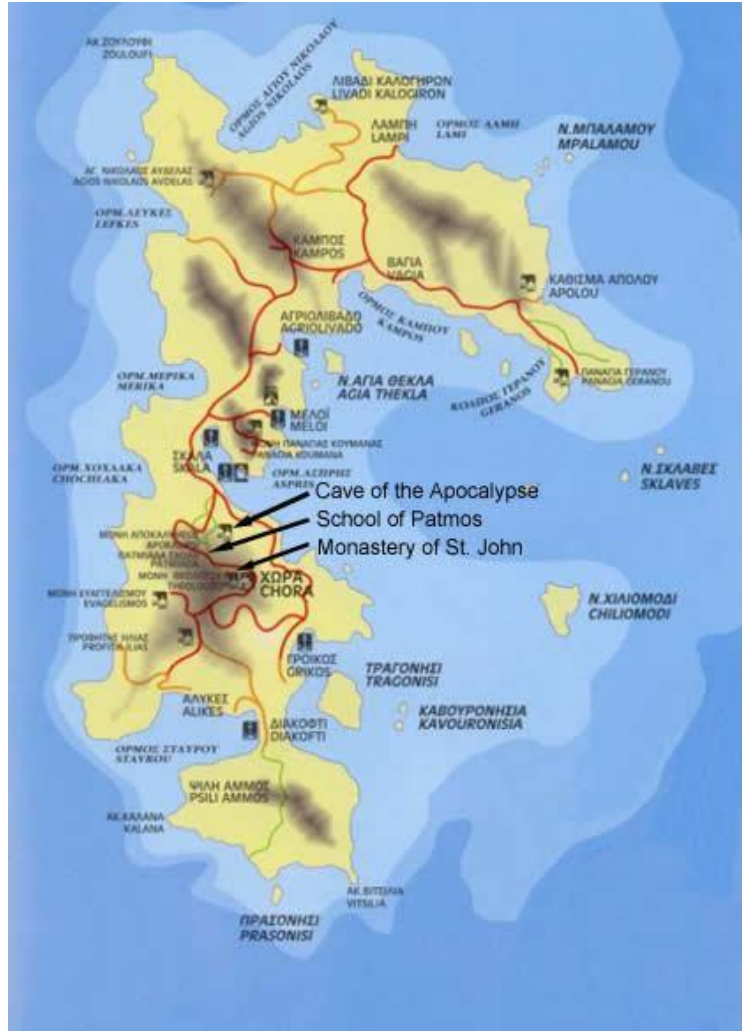
The School of Patmos, near the Cave of the Apocalypse

(according to different sources) either at or near the Cave of the Apocalypse. The School of Patmos would be of great significance to Greece, for it was attended by several of the men who would become key figures in the fight for Greek independence, especially Emmanuel Xanthos, one of the three founders of the Friendly Company, whose purpose it was to overthrow the rule of the Ottoman Turks. Their attempt was ultimately successful. Emmanuel Xanthos is buried in Athens.

Key Understanding: September 14, 1814, and the School of Patmos. The island of Patmos and the Monastery of St. John – through several men who attended the School of Patmos, including Emmanuel Xanthos, a founder of the Friendly Company on September 14, 1814 – were entirely linked to the ultimately successful Greek War for Independence.

Revelation 1:9 (KJV) I JOHN, who also am your brother, and companion in tribulation, and in the kingdom and patience of Jesus Christ, WAS IN THE ISLE CALLED PATMOS, for the word of God, and for the testimony of Jesus Christ.

Matthew 16:19 (KJV) And I will give unto thee THE KEYS OF THE KINGDOM OF HEAVEN [in the counterfeit, Heaven is represented by America, particularly on September 14, 1814, with the writing of “The Star-Spangled Banner” by Francis Scott Key, with America once again being opposed by the Gates of Hell, represented by Great Britain].



A map of Patmos showing the close proximity of the Cave of the Apocalypse, the School of Patmos, and the Monastery of St. John

[<< Previous](#)

[Main Page and List of Unsealing Summaries](#)

[Next >>](#)