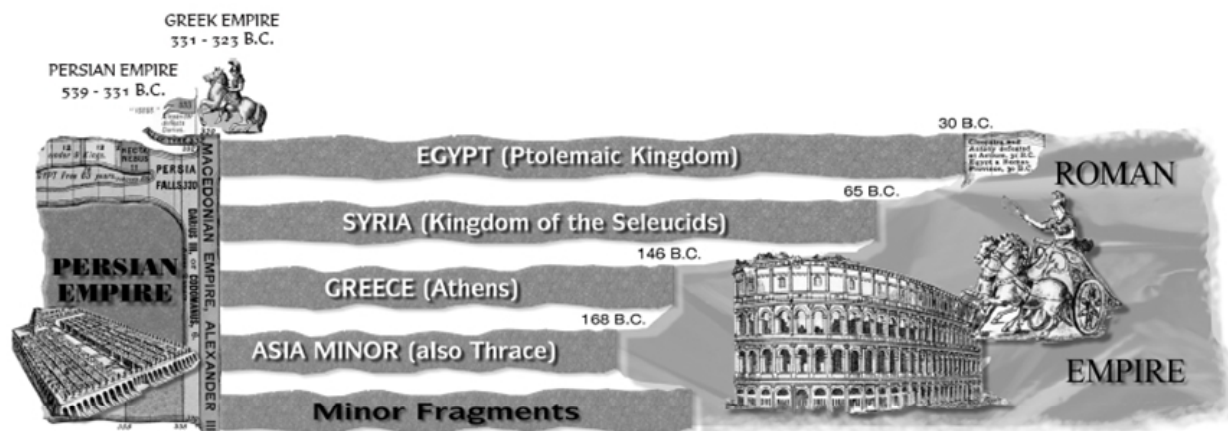


#1571 The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The series of 4’s (fours) from Alexander the Great to Antiochus IV Epiphanes, part 4a, The prophecy surrounding the division of Alexander the Great’s Empire into Four Kingdoms – the Kingdoms of Cassander, Lysimachus, Ptolemy, and Seleucus

Review: The Lord surrounds the prophetic history of the Abomination of Desolation of the Temple with the number 4 (four) because the roots of the topic are connected directly to what takes place in Genesis 4:4. A part of the prophetic history is the series of 4’s (fours) from Alexander the Great to Antiochus IV Epiphanes.

Review: Below is a list of the series of 4’s (fours) in the history from Alexander the Great to Antiochus IV Epiphanes that was/is for the purpose of revealing the overall prophetic story of the Abomination of Desolation:

1. **The Fourth of the “Continuation Empires”** – Alexander the Great’s Grecian Empire was the fourth of a continuation of empires that included (i) Assyria, (ii) Babylon, (iii) Media-Persia, (iv) Alexander the Great’s Greece, and (v) the Seleucid Syrian Empire.
2. **The Four Diadoch Wars** – The *diadochi* were the generals of Alexander the Great who became his *successors*. *Diadoch* means *successor*. Historians recognize four Diadoch Wars following the death of Alexander the Great fought among his successors that resulted in Alexander’s Empire being parceled into four kingdoms.
3. **The Battle of Ipsus in 301 B.C., the last year of the 4th Century B.C.** – The four Diadoch Wars ended in the last year of the 4th century B.C., with the Battle of Ipsus.
4. **Divided into Four Kingdoms** – Alexander the Great’s Empire was divided into four kingdoms after his death, as a result of the four Diadoch Wars.



5. **Antiochus IV Epiphanes** – One of the four kingdoms, the Seleucid Syrian Empire, produced Antiochus IV Epiphanes, who became a chief historical antichrist figure through his desecration of Zerubbabel’s Temple in Jerusalem, which included a swine sacrifice.

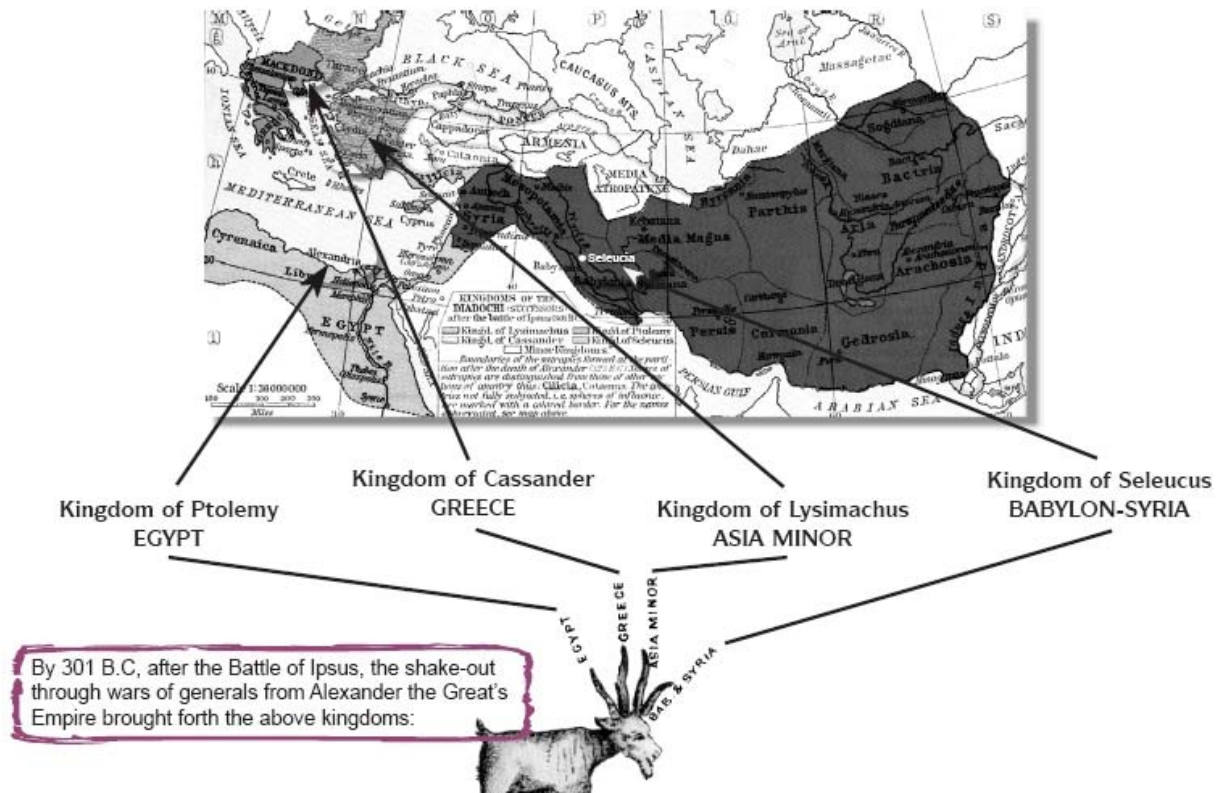
Key Understanding: Divided into four. It is now time to concentrate on the prophecy surrounding part 4 of the list above, the division of Alexander the Great's Empire into four kingdoms, the kingdoms of Cassander, Lysimachus, Ptolemy, and Seleucus, with Antigonus having been defeated and slain at the Battle of Ipsus in 301 B.C.

Here is #1571–Doc 1, a map showing the division of the empire of Alexander the Great after the Battle of Ipsus in 301 B.C. Antigonus has been defeated and Alexander the Great's Empire is now primarily divided into (reference the map key) the Kingdom of Lysimachus, the Kingdom of Cassander, the Kingdom of Ptolemy, and the Kingdom of Seleucus.

[Click here](#) for #1571–Doc 1

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*Daniel 8:8 (KJV) Therefore **THE HE GOAT** [Alexander the Great's Grecian Empire] **WAXED VERY GREAT** [which is why the Lord ordained Alexander to be known to history as 'the Great']: and when he was strong, **THE GREAT HORN WAS BROKEN** [Alexander the Great's premature death in 323 B.C.]; and for it [from it] came up **FOUR NOTABLE ONES** [the 4 (four) kingdoms of Ptolemy, Seleucus, Cassander, and Lysimachus] **TOWARD THE FOUR WINDS OF HEAVEN.***



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