

#2317 The Yom Kippur War and the Abomination of Desolation – The post-World War II U.S. waxing great toward the South and toward the East as a *second* Syria/Antiochus IV Epiphanes, part 576, **The Prince That Shall Come, (xxv), Repeat of Unsealing #1379 to further show the relationship between Woodrow Wilson and Bill Clinton in their respective roles in the comprehensive picture of the Daniel 9:27 “prince that shall come”**

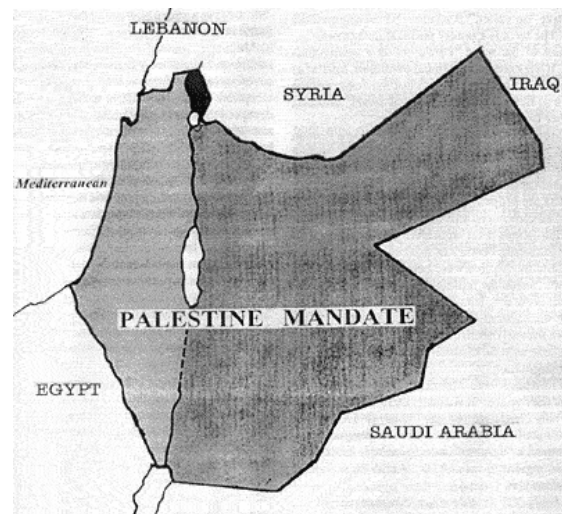
#1379 America as Media-Persia and the Building of Israel – The Presidents of the United States – Woodrow Wilson in World War I, Harry Truman in World War II, and Ronald Reagan/George H. W. Bush in the 1991 Gulf War – played the prophetic role as *second* Cyrus the Great leading America in war as a *second* Media-Persia, and (re)building Jerusalem and Israel as a result

Key Understanding: *The second Cyrus the Great.* The presidents of the United States – Woodrow Wilson in World War I, Harry Truman in World War II, and Ronald Reagan/George H. W. Bush in the 1991 Gulf War – played the role as *second* Cyrus the Great leading America in war as a *second* Media-Persia, and (re)building Jerusalem and Israel as a result.



- **World War I, President Woodrow Wilson, and the November 2, 1917, Balfour Declaration.** President Woodrow Wilson and General John Pershing were in the role of the “Media-Persian” deliverance of the Jews to the Promised Land through the defeat of the Ottoman Turks and the issuing of the November 2, 1917, Balfour Declaration.

The **November 2, 1917, Balfour Declaration**, a letter issued from British Foreign Secretary Arthur Balfour to Lord Rothschild, was instrumental in the establishment of the Jewish state of Israel 31 years later. It stated that the government of Great Britain, which would be controlling Palestine after the impending defeat of the Ottoman Turks, was in favour of the establishment in Palestine of a national homeland for the Jewish people, and that Great Britain would use its best endeavors to do so, but without prejudicing the civil and religious rights of the existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine.



The Key Issue would be: How to construct the peaceful coexistence of Jews and Arabs in Palestine.

Isaiah 44:28 (KJV) [Thus saith the Lord] THAT SAITH OF CYRUS, HE IS MY SHEPHERD, and shall perform all my pleasure: EVEN SAYING TO JERUSALEM, THOU SHALT BE BUILT; AND TO THE TEMPLE, THY FOUNDATION SHALL BE LAID.

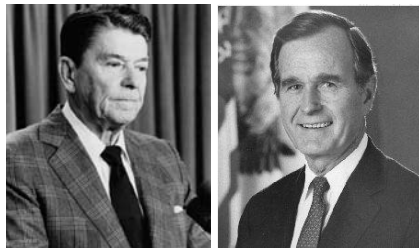


- **World War II, President Harry Truman, and the May 14-15, 1948, establishment of the nation of Israel.** President Harry Truman and the Pu-239 August 9, 1945, atomic bomb represented the Daniel 2:39 “Media-Persian” deliverance of the Jews to the Promised Land through the defeat of Nazi Germany/Japan and the May 14-15, 1948, establishment of the nation of Israel.

The **May 14-15, 1948, establishment of the nation of Israel** was originally meant to be based upon the November 29, 1947, U.N. Partition of Palestine. The British Mandate to govern Palestine ended at midnight on May 14, 1948, and the first day of existence for the Jewish state was May 15, 1948. On the same day, Arab armies from Egypt, Syria, Lebanon, Iraq, and Jordan (called Transjordan until 1949) attacked Israel, aiming to destroy the new nation. By early 1949, Israel had defeated the Arabs and gained control of about half the land planned for the new Arab state.



The Key Issue was: How to construct the peaceful coexistence of Jews and Arabs in Palestine.



- **The 1991 Gulf War, Presidents Ronald Reagan and George H. W. Bush, and the September 13, 1993, PLO (Palestine Liberation Organization)-Israel Agreement** (during the administration of President Bill Clinton). President Ronald Reagan and the United States also played the role as a *second* ‘Cyrus the Great’ and Media-Persia during his 8 years in office.

Reagan’s election and inauguration were entirely connected to the Iran Hostage Crisis, an event which convinced Reagan and Americans to strengthen the United States militarily, enabling it to perform its role as a *second* Media-Persia in its defeat of Saddam Hussein’s

Iraq in the 1991 Gulf War during the administration of George H. W. Bush. In turn, the defeat of Iraq in the 1991 Gulf War enabled the United States to push toward what turned into the September 13, 1993, Middle East accord between Israel and the PLO. [Exactly how the U.S. and U.N. victory over Saddam Hussein in the 1991 Gulf War stimulated the push forward toward what became the September 13, 1993, Middle East peace accord will be discussed in ensuing Unsealings.]

The **September 13, 1993, Middle East accord of the Declaration of Principles on Interim Self-Government Arrangements** was agreed upon in Washington D.C. at the White House by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin of Israel and Yassir Arafat of the Palestine Liberation Organization. It outlined the proposed interim self-government arrangements which included immediate Palestinian self-rule in Gaza and Jericho, early empowerment for the Palestinians in the West Bank, and an agreement of self-government and the election of a Palestinian council. It was a first step toward attempting to end decades of confrontation and conflict that occurred after the establishment of the Jewish state on May 14-15, 1948, and was also a first step toward establishing a “two-state” solution – Israel and a Palestinian state – so that Jews and Arabs could live together in peaceful coexistence in the Promised Land.



The Key Issue would still be: How to construct the peaceful coexistence of Jews and Arabs in Palestine.

[Note: This Unsealing #2317 was a repeat of Unsealings [#1379](#) and [#1392](#), and is repeated again in its entirety in Unsealing #2471, and in part in Unsealing #2472.]